Physical Science

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Date	period

Learning how to Inquire

You just started your new job as a safety inspector for the Delaware Department of Transportation (DelDOT). Your first assignment in your new job is to find ways to make the roads safe to travel in the wintertime. You know that the biggest problem with safe road travel in Delaware in the winter usually involves icy roads from freezing rain and snow. You immediately remember that during a large snowstorm, the first people on the roads besides the snow plows are the trucks dumping salt onto the road. You tell your boss this, and he says "They are cutting our budget this year. There's no money to buy salt. It's up to you to try and convince the governor that we need salt to make the roads safe during a snow storm." How do you propose to convince the governor that putting salt on the road is a good way to keep the roads safe? What will happen if there's no money for salt on the roads?

kee	ep the roads safe? What will h	nappen if there's no money for salt on the roads?
1.	• •	w you are going to set up your experiment. Use a separate ngs and notes. Show the notes to your teacher and explain prove you experiment.
2.	Teachers initials	
3.	Make a list of all the material	ls you need.
1	Independent Veriable (IV) –	
→.	independent variable (1v) =	What you purposely make a change to.
5.	Dependent Variable (DV) = _	
		What you measure that changes when you make a change to the IV.
6.	Control Group=	

List all the different levels of the IV

The unchanged trial used to compare changes to

7. Experimental Groups= _____

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8.	Constants (list 3)=		period	
Va sar	riables that could change and ha	ive an effect on the experim	ent but are made to stay the	
9. Problem question:				
		What is the effect of the (IV)	on the (DV)?	
10	. Hypothesis (If then statement)	If		
10.	(11) pouross (11 unon suuromon)	State how the IV is g	oing to be changed	
	Then			
		State how the DV cha	anges	
11.		how the IV(he changes to the DV(swer the problem) will be changed, how) and how you	

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Data Table: The effect of on CaCl₂ Water Temperature

Amount of CaCl ₂	Water Temperature	Water Temperature	Change in Temp
(Measured in scoops)	(°C) before adding	(°C) after adding	(°C)
	$CaCl_2$	CaCl ₂ (after 2 min.)	
Beaker #1			
(scoops)			
Beaker #2			
(<u>scoop</u>)			
Beaker #3			
(scoops)			
Beaker #4			
(scoops)			
Beaker #5			
(scoops)			

Analysis

1.	State the purpose of the experiment:		
	(The purpose of the experiment is to determine the effect of the (IV) on (DV))		
2.	State what the results are (put the results of your data table into words):		

- 3. What are repeated trials?
- 4. Why are they necessary?
- 5. How many repeated trial did we have?
 - a. What could you do to make the repeated trials more reliable?
- 6. Create a graph of your results on a separate piece of paper. These results are found in your data table. The title of the graph will be the same as the title of the data table.

Conclusion: Write a brief summary explaining **why** you got the results you got. Include the following in your conclusion:

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- State the **problem**, in the form of the question you are answering
- The **purpose** of the experiment was to determine the effect of the (independent variable)... on the....(dependent variable).
- Restate your hypothesis.
- State whether or not your results supported your hypothesis
- The **data** showed that ...(Describe how the dependent variable responded to the independent variable.)
- Is there anything that went wrong? Did you get the results you expected?
- State any improvements you could make to the experiment next time.

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Learning how to Inquire Teacher Notes

1. Place the materials on lab tables or have students retrieve them and take them to their desks

Materials for each group: 5 - 250 mL beakers with 100 mL of H₂O

Spoon/spatula Thermometer Stirring rod

Pile of CaCl₂ (enough to get 10 "scoops")

2. Lead Students through first page. This may be the first time they have ever done inquiry. You will need to teach the meaning of most of the terms.

IV: Stress this is the quantity that you control the changes to.

DV: Stress that is the quantity you measure the changes in that are due to the changes in the IV.

Control: The beaker that does not have CaCl₂ added to it. Stress that this would tell us if

there were any outside factors that changed the temperature.

Constants: Have students list as many things that could change such as the amount of water

in the beakers that we control to keep the same.

Problem question: Use the variables to show how knowing the variables can lead to an easy

And **Hypothesis** format for a problem question and hypothesis. Stress that the students

never should write the words independent and dependant variable in the

question but must use them.

Procedure: This is done best as a class discussion and writing the steps on the board and

including mistakes. Then when the experiment is over you can go back and show how the experiment can be revised and refined as well as how these mistakes can

be discussed in the conclusion.

Data Table: Show how the variables can be used to create a data table

3. Do the experiment either as a demonstration or as a follow along or have student follow the procedure they wrote.

4. Lead students through the analysis and conclusion.

Analysis: Should be a minimum of 4 sentences that use the data to state what happened.

Conclusion: Stress this is their best "guess" as to why what happened did happen. Students

have a tendency to restate what happened. Also you will want them to think

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	Data	mowie d
about what possi	Date ibly went wrong, how that can be	period e improved and any applications
1	ns for extra credit)	

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Student Information Sheet

IV: This is the quantity that you control.

DV: This is the quantity you measure. These changes are due to the changes in the IV.

Control: This is the sample with nothing added to it. This would tell us if

there were any outside factors that changed the temperature.

Constants: This list should include all the things that must not change (such as the amount of

water in the beakers) so that the results are fair.

Problem question: Use the variables to show how knowing the variables can lead to an easy

And **Hypothesis** format for a problem question and hypothesis. You should never write the

words independent and dependant variable in the question but must use

them.

Procedure: We will do this on the board as a class. Then when the experiment is over we can

go back and see how the experiment can be revised and refined as well as how

these mistakes can be discussed in the conclusion.

Data Table: Show how the variables can be used to create a data table

Analysis: Should be a minimum of 4 sentences that use the data to state what happened.

Conclusion: This should be your best "guess" as to why what happened did happen. Don't just restate what happened. Also, think about what possibly went

wrong, and how you could improve on it.